

United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Chicago Ecological Service Field Office 1511 47th Ave Moline, IL 61265-7022 Phone: (309) 757-5800

In Reply Refer To: 09/30/2025 13:42:45 UTC

Project Code: 2025-0156367 Project Name: Tri-County Solar

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed, and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 *et seq.*), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

Additionally, please note that on March 23, 2022, the Service published a proposal to reclassify the northern long-eared bat (NLEB) as endangered under the Endangered Species Act. The U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia has ordered the Service to complete a new final listing

determination for the NLEB by November 2022 (Case 1:15-cv-00477, March 1, 2021). The bat, currently listed as threatened, faces extinction due to the range-wide impacts of white-nose syndrome (WNS), a deadly fungal disease affecting cave-dwelling bats across the continent. The proposed reclassification, if finalized, would remove the current 4(d) rule for the NLEB, as these rules may be applied only to threatened species. Depending on the type of effects a project has on NLEB, the change in the species' status may trigger the need to re-initiate consultation for any actions that are not completed and for which the Federal action agency retains discretion once the new listing determination becomes effective (anticipated to occur by December 30, 2022). If your project may result in incidental take of NLEB after the new listing goes into effect this will first need to addressed in an updated consultation that includes an Incidental Take Statement. If your project may require re-initiation of consultation, please contact our office for additional guidance.

Project code: 2025-0156367

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/endangered-species-consultation-handbook.pdf

Migratory Birds: In addition to responsibilities to protect threatened and endangered species under the Endangered Species Act (ESA), there are additional responsibilities under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA) to protect native birds from project-related impacts. Any activity resulting in take of migratory birds, including eagles, is prohibited unless otherwise permitted by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)). For more information regarding these Acts, see https://www.fws.gov/program/migratory-bird-permit/what-we-do.

It is the responsibility of the project proponent to comply with these Acts by identifying potential impacts to migratory birds and eagles within applicable NEPA documents (when there is a federal nexus) or a Bird/Eagle Conservation Plan (when there is no federal nexus). Proponents should implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize the production of project-related stressors or minimize the exposure of birds and their resources to the project-related stressors. For more information on avian stressors and recommended conservation measures, see https://www.fws.gov/library/collections/threats-birds.

In addition to MBTA and BGEPA, Executive Order 13186: *Responsibilities of Federal Agencies to Protect Migratory Birds*, obligates all Federal agencies that engage in or authorize activities that might affect migratory birds, to minimize those effects and encourage conservation measures that will improve bird populations. Executive Order 13186 provides for the protection of both migratory birds and migratory bird habitat. For information regarding the implementation of Executive Order 13186, please visit https://www.fws.gov/partner/council-conservation-migratory-birds.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Code in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment(s):

Official Species List

OFFICIAL SPECIES LIST

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Chicago Ecological Service Field Office 1511 47th Ave Moline, IL 61265-7022 (309) 757-5800

PROJECT SUMMARY

Project code: 2025-0156367

Project Code: 2025-0156367
Project Name: Tri-County Solar
Project Type: Power Gen - Solar

Project Description: The Site was previously operated as a landfill by Waste Management. It is

located in Kane County, Illinois. A

solar developer client is proposing to install a 5 megawatt solar array on the site. There has been an IPac review in November 2023 with Project Code 2024-0011681. The client requested an updated consultation.

Project Location:

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/@41.98279225,-88.27132573205436,14z



Counties: Kane County, Illinois

ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT SPECIES

Project code: 2025-0156367

There is a total of 6 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

Project code: 2025-0156367 09/30/2025 13:42:45 UTC

MAMMALS

NAME STATUS

Northern Long-eared Bat Myotis septentrionalis

Endangered

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045

BIRDS

NAME STATUS

Whooping Crane Grus americana

Experimental Population,

Population: U.S.A. (AL, AR, CO, FL, GA, ID, IL, IN, IA, KY, LA, MI, MN, MS, MO, NC, NM, OH, SC, TN, UT, VA, WI, WV, western half of WY)
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.
Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/758

Non-Essential

INSECTS

NAME STATUS

Monarch Butterfly *Danaus plexippus*

Proposed

There is **proposed** critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat.

Threatened

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9743

Rusty Patched Bumble Bee Bombus affinis

Endangered

There is **proposed** critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical

habitat.

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9383

Western Regal Fritillary Argynnis idalia occidentalis

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/12017

Proposed

Threatened

FLOWERING PLANTS

NAME STATUS

Eastern Prairie Fringed Orchid Platanthera leucophaea

Threatened

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/601

CRITICAL HABITATS

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

YOU ARE STILL REQUIRED TO DETERMINE IF YOUR PROJECT(S) MAY HAVE EFFECTS ON ALL ABOVE LISTED SPECIES.

Project code: 2025-0156367 09/30/2025 13:42:45 UTC

IPAC USER CONTACT INFORMATION

Agency: Private Entity Name: Agnes Towns

Address: 800 Market St, Ste 222

City: Chattanooga

State: TN Zip: 37402

Email atowns@labellapc.com

Phone: 4235094307



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Chicago Ecological Service Field Office 1511 47th Ave Moline, IL 61265-7022 Phone: (309) 757-5800

In Reply Refer To: 09/30/2025 14:25:11 UTC

Project code: 2025-0156367 Project Name: Tri-County Solar

Federal Nexus: no

Federal Action Agency (if applicable):

Subject: Record of project representative's no effect determination for 'Tri-County Solar'

Dear Agnes Towns:

This letter records your determination using the Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) system provided to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) on September 30, 2025, for 'Tri-County Solar' (here forward, Project). This project has been assigned Project Code 2025-0156367 and all future correspondence should clearly reference this number. **Please carefully review this letter.**

Ensuring Accurate Determinations When Using IPaC

The Service developed the IPaC system and associated species' determination keys in accordance with the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA; 87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) and based on a standing analysis. All information submitted by the Project proponent into IPaC must accurately represent the full scope and details of the Project.

Failure to accurately represent or implement the Project as detailed in IPaC or the **Northern Long-eared Bat and Tricolored Bat Range-wide Determination Key (Dkey)**, invalidates this letter. **Answers to certain questions in the DKey commit the project proponent to implementation of conservation measures that must be followed for the ESA determination to remain valid.**

Determination for the Northern Long-Eared Bat and/or Tricolored Bat

Based upon your IPaC submission and a standing analysis, your project has reached the following effect determinations:

SpeciesListing StatusDeterminationNorthern Long-eared Bat (Myotis septentrionalis)EndangeredNo effect

Project code: 2025-0156367

09/30/2025 14:25:11 UTC

To make a no effect determination, the full scope of the proposed project implementation (action) should not have any effects (either positive or negative), to a federally listed species or designated critical habitat. Effects of the action are all consequences to listed species or critical habitat that are caused by the proposed action, including the consequences of other activities that are caused by the proposed action. A consequence is caused by the proposed action if it would not occur but for the proposed action and it is reasonably certain to occur. Effects of the action may occur later in time and may include consequences occurring outside the immediate area involved in the action. (See § 402.17).

Under Section 7 of the ESA, if a federal action agency makes a no effect determination, no consultation with the Service is required (ESA §7). If a proposed Federal action may affect a listed species or designated critical habitat, formal consultation is required except when the Service concurs, in writing, that a proposed action "is not likely to adversely affect" listed species or designated critical habitat [50 CFR §402.02, 50 CFR§402.13].

Other Species and Critical Habitat that May be Present in the Action Area

The IPaC-assisted determination key for the northern long-eared bat and tricolored bat does not apply to the following ESA-protected species and/or critical habitat that also may occur in your Action area:

- Eastern Prairie Fringed Orchid *Platanthera leucophaea* Threatened
- Monarch Butterfly Danaus plexippus Proposed Threatened
- Rusty Patched Bumble Bee Bombus affinis Endangered
- Western Regal Fritillary *Argynnis idalia occidentalis* Proposed Threatened
- Whooping Crane *Grus americana* Experimental Population, Non-Essential

You may coordinate with our Office to determine whether the Action may affect the animal species listed above and, if so, how they may be affected.

Next Steps

If there are no updates on listed species, no further consultation/coordination for this project is required with respect to the species covered by this key. However, the Service recommends that project proponents re-evaluate the Project in IPaC if: 1) the scope, timing, duration, or location of the Project changes (includes any project changes or amendments); 2) new information reveals the Project may impact (positively or negatively) federally listed species or designated critical habitat; or 3) a new species is listed, or critical habitat designated. If any of the above conditions occurs, additional coordination with the Service should take place to ensure compliance with the Act.

If you have any questions regarding this letter or need further assistance, please contact the Chicago Ecological Service Field Office and reference Project Code 2025-0156367 associated with this Project.

Action Description

You provided to IPaC the following name and description for the subject Action.

1. Name

Tri-County Solar

2. Description

The following description was provided for the project 'Tri-County Solar':

The Site was previously operated as a landfill by Waste Management. It is located in Kane County, Illinois. A solar developer client is proposing to install a 5 megawatt solar array on the site.

There has been an IPac review in November 2023 with Project Code 2024-0011681. The client requested an updated consultation.

The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/@41.98279225,-88.27132573205436,14z



Project code: 2025-0156367

DETERMINATION KEY RESULT

Based on the information you provided, you have determined that the Proposed Action will have no effect on the species covered by this determination key. Therefore, no consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service pursuant to Section 7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (87 Stat. 884, as amended 16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*) is required for those species.

QUALIFICATION INTERVIEW

1. Does the proposed project include, or is it reasonably certain to cause, intentional take of listed bats or any other listed species?

Note: Intentional take is defined as take that is the intended result of a project. Intentional take could refer to research, direct species management, surveys, and/or studies that include intentional handling/encountering, harassment, collection, or capturing of any individual of a federally listed threatened, endangered or proposed species?

No

2. Is the action area wholly within Zone 2 of the year-round active area for northern longeared bat and/or tricolored bat?

Automatically answered

No

3. Does the action area intersect Zone 1 of the year-round active area for northern long-eared bat and/or tricolored bat?

Automatically answered

No

4. Does any component of the action involve leasing, construction or operation of wind turbines? Answer 'yes' if the activities considered are conducted with the intention of gathering survey information to inform the leasing, construction, or operation of wind turbines.

No

5. Is the proposed action authorized, permitted, licensed, funded, or being carried out by a Federal agency in whole or in part?

Note for projects in Pennsylvania: Projects requiring authorization under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act and/or Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act would be considered as having a federal nexus. Since the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) has issued the Pennsylvania State Programmatic General Permit (PASPGP), which may be verified by the PA Department of Environmental Protection or certain Conservation Districts, the need to receive a Corps authorization to perform the work under the PASPGP serves as a federal nexus. As such, if proposing to use the PASPGP, you would answer 'yes' to this question.

No

6. [Semantic] Is the action area located within 0.5 miles of a known bat hibernaculum or winter roost? Note: The map queried for this question contains proprietary information and cannot be displayed. If you need additional information, please contact your state wildlife agency.

Automatically answered

No

7. Does the action area contain any winter roosts or caves (or associated sinkholes, fissures, or other karst features), mines, rocky outcroppings, or tunnels that could provide habitat for hibernating bats?

No

8. Will the action cause effects to a bridge?

Note: Covered bridges should be considered as bridges in this question.

No

9. Will the action result in effects to a culvert or tunnel at any time of year?

No

10. Are trees present within 1000 feet of the action area?

Note: If there are trees within the action area that are of a sufficient size to be potential roosts for bats answer "Yes". If unsure, additional information defining suitable summer habitat for the northern long-eared bat and tricolored bat can be found in Appendix A of the USFWS' Range-wide Indiana Bat and Northern long-eared bat Survey Guidelines at: https://www.fws.gov/media/range-wide-indiana-bat-and-northern-long-eared-bat-survey-guidelines.

No

11. Does the action area intersect the northern long-eared bat species list area?

Automatically answered

Yes

12. [Semantic] Is the action area located within 0.5 miles of radius of an entrance/opening to any known NLEB hibernacula or winter roost? Note: The map queried for this question contains proprietary information and cannot be displayed. If you need additional information, please contact your State wildlife agency.

Automatically answered

No

13. [Semantic] Is the action area located within 0.25 miles of a culvert that is known to be occupied by northern long-eared or tricolored bats? **Note:** The map queried for this question contains proprietary information and cannot be displayed. If you need additional information, please contact your State wildlife agency.

Automatically answered

No

09/30/2025 14:25:11 UTC

14. [Semantic] Is the action area located within 150 feet of a documented northern long-eared bat roost site?

Note: The map queried for this question contains proprietary information and cannot be displayed. If you need additional information, please contact your State wildlife agency. Have you contacted the appropriate agency to determine if your action is within 150 feet of any documented northern long-eared bat roosts?

Note: A document with links to Natural Heritage Inventory databases and other state-specific sources of information on the locations of northern long-eared bat roosts is available here. Location information for northern long-eared bat roosts is generally kept in state natural heritage inventory databases – the availability of this data varies by state. Many states provide online access to their data, either directly by providing maps or by providing the opportunity to make a data request. In some cases, to protect those resources, access to the information may be limited.

Automatically answered

No

15. Do you have any documents that you want to include with this submission? *No*

PROJECT QUESTIONNAIRE

IPAC USER CONTACT INFORMATION

Agency: Private Entity Agnes Towns Name:

Address: 800 Market St, Ste 222

City: Chattanooga

State: TNZip: 37402

Email atowns@labellapc.com

Phone: 4235094307



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Chicago Ecological Service Field Office 1511 47th Ave Moline, IL 61265-7022 Phone: (309) 757-5800

In Reply Refer To: 09/30/2025 14:09:15 UTC

Project code: 2025-0156367 Project Name: Tri-County Solar

Federal Nexus: no

Federal Action Agency (if applicable):

Subject: Technical Assistance letter for 'Tri-County Solar' for rusty patched bumble bee that

may occur in your proposed project location consistent with the Rusty Patched

Bumble Bee Range Wide Determination Key (RPBB DKey).

Dear Agnes Towns:

This letter records your determination using the RPBB DKey within the Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) system provided to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) on **September 30, 2025**, for 'Tri-County Solar' (here forward, Project). This project has been assigned Project Code '2025-0156367' and all future correspondence should clearly reference this number. **Please carefully review this letter. Your Endangered Species Act (Act) requirements are not complete.**

Ensuring Accurate Determinations When Using IPaC Determination Keys

The USFWS developed the IPaC system and associated species' determination keys in accordance with the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA; 87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.). All information submitted by the Project proponent into the IPaC must accurately represent the full scope and details of the Project. **Failure to accurately represent or implement the Project as detailed in IPaC or the RPBB DKey, invalidates this letter.**

Determination for the Rusty Patched Bumble Bee

Based on your answers and the assistance of the USFWS' RPBB DKey, you made the following effect determination for the proposed Action:

Species	Listing Status	Determination
Rusty Patched Bumble Bee (Bombus affinis)	Endangered	May affect

<u>Coordination with the USFWS is not complete.</u> Further coordination with the USFWS is recommended for the rusty patched bumble bee. Please email the local USFWS Ecological Services Field Office and attach a copy of this letter, so we can discuss methods to avoid or minimize potential adverse impacts.

Other Species and Critical Habitat that May be Present in the Action Area

The IPaC-assisted determination key for the rusty patched bumble bee **does not** apply to the following ESA-protected species and/or critical habitat that also may occur in your Action area:

- Eastern Prairie Fringed Orchid Platanthera leucophaea Threatened
- Monarch Butterfly Danaus plexippus Proposed Threatened
- Northern Long-eared Bat Myotis septentrionalis Endangered
- Western Regal Fritillary *Argynnis idalia occidentalis* Proposed Threatened
- Whooping Crane Grus americana Experimental Population, Non-Essential

Coordination with the USFWS is advised for any species and/or critical habitat listed above.

You should coordinate with our Office to determine whether the Action may affect the species and/or critical habitat listed above and if further consultation is required. Note that reinitiation of consultation would be necessary if a new species is listed or critical habitat designated that may be affected by the identified action before it is complete.

If you have any questions regarding this letter or need further assistance, please contact the local Ecological Services Field Office and reference Project Code '2025-0156367' associated with this Project. See the top of this letter for the Project Code.

Additional Information

<u>Sufficient project details:</u> Please provide sufficient project details on your project homepage in IPaC (Define Project, Project Description) to support your conclusions. Failure to disclose important aspects of your project that would influence the outcome of your effects determinations may negate your determinations and invalidate this letter. If you have site-specific information that leads you to believe a different determination is more appropriate for your project than what the Dkey concludes, you can and should proceed based on the best available information.

<u>Future project changes:</u> The Service recommends that you contact the local Ecological Services Field Office or re-evaluate the project in IPaC if: 1) the scope or location of the proposed Action is changed; 2) new information reveals that the action may affect rusty patched bumble bee in a manner or to an extent not previously considered; 3) the Action is modified in a manner that causes effects to rusty patched bumble bee; or 4) or critical habitat is designated. If any of the above conditions occur, additional consultation with the Service should take place before project changes are final or resources are committed.

Species-specific information

Bald and Golden Eagles: Bald eagles, golden eagles, and their nests are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (54 Stat. 250, as amended, 16 U.S.C. 668a-d) (Eagle Act). The Eagle Act prohibits, except when authorized by an Eagle Act permit, the "taking" of bald and golden eagles and defines "take" as "pursue, shoot, shoot at, poison, wound, kill, capture, trap, collect, molest or disturb." The Eagle Act's implementing regulations define disturb as "... to agitate or bother a bald or golden eagle to a degree that causes, or is likely to cause, based on the best scientific information available, (1) injury to an eagle, (2) a decrease in its productivity, by substantially interfering with normal breeding, feeding, or sheltering behavior, or (3) nest abandonment, by substantially interfering with normal breeding, feeding, or sheltering behavior."

If you observe a bald eagle nest in the vicinity of your proposed project, you should follow the National Bald Eagle Management Guidelines (May 2007). For more information on eagles and conducting activities in the vicinity of an eagle nest, please visit our regional eagle website or contact the local Ecological Services Field Office. If the Action may affect bald or golden eagles, additional coordination with the Service under the Eagle Act may be required.

Project code: 2025-0156367

Action Description

You provided to IPaC the following name and description for the subject Action.

1. Name

Tri-County Solar

2. Description

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The Site was previously operated as a landfill by Waste Management. It is located in Kane County, Illinois. A solar developer client is proposing to install a 5 megawatt solar array on the site.

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The approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/@41.98279225,-88.27132573205436,14z



QUALIFICATION INTERVIEW

- Is the action authorized, funded, or being carried out by a Federal agency?

 No
- Does the action area overlap with a rusty patched bumble bee high potential zone?
 Automatically answered
 Yes
- 3. Does the action include or is it reasonably certain to cause intentional take of rusty patched bumble bee (rusty patched bumble bee) that is not covered under a scientific recovery permit under section 10(A)1(a) of the Endangered Species Act or under a cooperative agreement with a state agency?

Note: This could include, for example, surveys or studies that include handling or capture of the species. Whether "Project Review" surveys using USFWS protocols were conducted as part of the action is addressed later in this key.

No

4. Does the action include – or is it reasonably certain to result in – construction of one or more new roads or rail lines that will increase vehicle traffic in a rusty patched bumble bee HPZ?

Yes

IPAC USER CONTACT INFORMATION

Agency: Private Entity Agnes Towns Name:

Address: 800 Market St, Ste 222

City: Chattanooga

State: TNZip: 37402

Email atowns@labellapc.com

Phone: 4235094307

USFWS Listed Species Conclusions TableProject Name: Tri-County Solar, Kane County, Illinois Project Code: 2025-0156367
Date: September 2025

Species Name/ESA Status	Potential Habitat Present?	Species Present?	Critical Habitat Present?	ESA / Eagle Act Determination	Notes / Documentation Summary
Northern Long-eared Bat (Myotis septentrionalis) Endangered	No	Unknown	No	NA NA	According to the USFWS species profile, this mammal roosts singly or in colonies underneath bark, in cavities, in crevices of both live and dead trees, in cooler places (like caves and mines), and occasionally in structures like barns and sheds. They prefer habitats with constant temperatures, high humidity, and no air currents. According to habitat information provided by NatureServe Explorer, it is generally found in old-growth forests during the summer and caves/mines during hibernation. The project consists primarily of open, grassland habitat with no mature trees suitable for roosting. Additionally, no caves are found on the site that may be used as hibernacula. As such, a no effect determination is made for this species.
Whooping Crane (<i>Grus americana</i>) Experimental Population	No	Unknown	No	NA	According to habitat information provided by USFWS species profile, whooping cranes use large wetland complexes and waterbodies as roosting and loafing sites and rely on agricultural fields for feeding. Project consists primarily of open grassland with no large wetland complexes, which is not suitable as Whooping Crane habitat. As such, an <i>unlikely to adversely affect</i> determination is proposed.

Monarch Butterly (<i>Danaus plexippus</i>) Proposed Threatened	Yes	Unknown	No	NA	According to habitat information provided by NatureServe, species is found in early-successional habitats with abundant flowering plants used as nectar sources, as well as milkweed used as a larval host plant. Project consists primarily of frequently mowed, early successional grassland habitat, however the habitat quality for this species has not been assessed. As such, a may adversely affect determination is proposed.
Rusty Patched Bumble Bee (Bombus affinis) Endangered	Yes	Unknown	No	NA NA	According to habitat information provided by USFWS species profile, this species nests underground in undisturbed grassland habitats and relies on flowering plants throughout the year as a nectar food source. This Project is located on a previous landfill, in which the predominate habitat is frequently mowed grassland. Although an abundant, diverse source of flowering plants may be lacking on site, the undisturbed grassland may provide suitable nesting habitat for this species. Habitat quality assessments have not been performed for the site. As such, a may adversely affect determination is proposed.
Western Regal Fritillary (Argynnis idalia occidentalis) Proposed Threatened	Yes	Unknown	No	NA NA	According to habitat information provided by USFWS species profile, this species lives in tall-grass prairie and other open and sunny locations such as damp meadows, marshes, wet fields, and mountain pastures. These early successional stage habitats are maintained through periodic, natural disturbance regimes. Regal fritillary butterflies depend on three main habitat components: violet hostplants for larvae, nectar plants for adults, and native warm-season bunch grasses that provide protective sites for all life stages. Project consists primarily of frequently mowed, early successional grassland habitat, however the habitat quality for this species has not been assessed. As such, a may adversely affect determination is proposed.

Eastern Prairie Fringed Orchid (<i>Platanthera</i> <i>leucophaea</i>) Threatened	Yes	Unknown	No	NA	According to habitat information provided by USFWS species profile, this species is a perennial herb typically found in mesic to wet grasslands with minimal woody encroachment. The species grows from underground tubers that have a symbiotic relationship with mycorrhizal fungi found in the soil.
					Because the site consists primarily of open, grassland habitat, potential habitat for this species is present, however given the site history as a landfill, frequent mowing regime, and abundance of invasive grasses, it is unlikely that this species is found on site.
					As such, an unlikely to adversely affect determination is proposed.